

ABSTRAK

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GAMBARAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN PERAWAT TENTANG KEWASPADAAN STANDAR

Latar Belakang: Kewaspadaan standar merupakan upaya mencegah terjadinya penyebaran infeksi dan mengurangi angka kejadian infeksi pada tenaga kesehatan. Infeksi nosokomial Di dunia 2 juta tenaga kesehatan dari 35 juta mengalami terjadinya paparan penyakit menular setiap tahunnya (WHO, 2017). Di Indonesia angka kejadian petugas kesehatan tertusuk jarum mencapai 38-73% (Depkes, 2009). Tingkat pengetahuan dipengaruhi tingkat pendidikan. Tujuan: Mengetahui gambaran tingkat pengetahuan perawat tentang kewaspadaan standar di Siloam Hospitals Lippo Cikarang. Metode penelitian: deskriptif kuantitatif dengan pendekatan *cross sectional* teknik sampling yang digunakan adalah *purposive sampling*. Populasi 75 orang sampel berjumlah 43 responden. Data analisis secara univariat. Uji etik dilakukan oleh *Research, Community Service and Training Committee* (RCTC). Kuesioner telah dilakukan uji validitas nilai r tabel $<0,361$ dan Cronbach's Alpha 0,923. Hasil: Gambaran tingkat pengetahuan perawat tentang kewaspadaan standar kategori baik 97,6% dan cukup 2,3%.

Kesimpulan: Tingkat pengetahuan perawat tentang kewaspadaan standar di Siloam Hospitals Lippo Cikarang dapat dikategorikan baik. Sangat diharapkan pihak Siloam Hospitals Lippo Cikarang dapat memberikan pelatihan secara berkala mengenai kewaspadaan standar.

Kata Kunci: Infeksi nosokomial, Kewaspadaan standar, Tingkat pengetahuan

ABSTRACT

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DESCRIPTION OF NURSE KNOWLEDGE ON STANDARD PREVIEW

Background: Standard precautions are prevention efforts. Nosocomial Infection In the world 2 million health workers from 35 million exposed diseases of infectious diseases every year. In Indonesia the incidence of health workers pricked needle reach 38-73% (Depkes, 2009). the level of knowledge is influenced by the level of education. Objective: To know the description of skill level of nurse about standard precautions at Siloam Hospital Lippo Cikarang Year 2017. Method of research: descriptive quantitative with sampling technique used is purposive sampling. Population 75 samples. Univariate data analysis Ethical test conducted by Research, Community Service and Training Committee (RCTC). Keusioner has tested the validity of table r table $<0,361$ and Alpha Cronbach $0,923$. Results: Description of the nurse's knowledge level on standard category awareness both 97.6% and quite 2.3%.

Explanation: The nurse's knowledge level on standard precautions at Siloam Hospitals Lippo Cikarang can be categorized well. It is expected that Siloam Hospitals Lippo Cikarang can provide regular training on standard precautions.

Keywords: Nosocomial Infection, Standard Precautions, Level of knowledge.

