

ABSTRACT

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PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA RESPONSIBILITY RELATED TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC REVIEWED IN INTERNATIONAL LAW PERSPECTIVE

(xvi+107 pages ; 4 graphs, 1 table)

Coronavirus Disease or COVID-19, which was announced by WHO in January 2020 as a pandemic, is a disease caused by a virus that was discovered in China at the end of 2019. COVID-19 has been going on for more than a year and has had a huge impact on the affected countries, both in terms of economy, public health, and ultimately to the impact of education accessibility. For this loss, several world countries which are also members of the WHO began to question China's responsibility as the country of origin of the pandemic to the affected countries, especially the major impacts, such as Iran, Italy, and even Indonesia. This was suspected by the finding that China had neglected to notify WHO regarding the virus outbreak in its area. For this reason, the researcher feels that a comprehensive study is needed regarding China's responsibility for the affected countries related to the COVID-19 pandemic which is reviewed from the perspective of international law. This study uses a qualitative research method with a statutory approach. This research finds that China can be said to be responsible because it fulfills these elements according to the ILC Draft and international doctrines. A lawsuit can be made through the ICJ.

Keywords: COVID-19, State Liability, International Law, ILC Draft, World's Health Organization

Reference: 21 books, 12 journals (2000-2021)