

## ABSTRACT

M.Marvelino Glendy T (01051170215)

### **CRIMINAL ACTS OF NARCOTICS ABUSE PERFORMED BY UNDERAGE CHILDREN (AS USERS)**

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In Indonesia, narcotics abuse is threatened with criminal penalties as regulated in Law Number 35 of 2009. Narcotics are widely abused by their users, one of which is among teenagers. High curiosity and being manipulated by adults are factors that cause teenagers to abuse narcotics. One of the actual cases of drug abuse by teenagers is Decision Number: 366/Pid/Sus-Anak/2014/PN.Pdg. Therefore, this study discusses the policy of narcotics criminal law against children who are narcotics abusers and the judge's considerations in Decision Number: 366/Pid/Sus-Anak/2014/PN.Pdg. This is normative-empirical research using primary data, namely interviews with Mr. Panca Okta Wijaya, S.Psi, Head of Detainees and Evidence for the BNN Eradication Sector in Lampung Province and secondary data, namely primary, secondary, and tertiary legal materials. This study uses an approach to legal cases that have been inkraht. The study results indicate that the policy of punishing children as narcotics abusers is in accordance with the provisions of the Law on the Criminal Justice System for Children and Child Protection, namely by hiding the child's identity, and the trial is carried out in secret. The judge's consideration of returning the child to his parents under the prosecutor's office's supervision and the Community Counsellor's guidance is in accordance with the application of restorative justice in narcotics cases committed by minors. The decision certainly does not release the mandatory reporting that the parents must carry out to the Recipient Institution for Compulsory Reporting.

Keywords: *crime, drug abuse, adolescents*

References: 34 books, 10 journals