

ABSTRAK

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PARTISIPASI UNICEF DALAM MENGHADAPI PENINGKATAN PEKERJA ANAK DI PERKEBUNAN COKLAT PANTAI GADING SAAT PANDEMI COVID-19

(ix + 66 halaman)

Kata Kunci: UNICEF, Pantai Gading, Pekerja anak, Kerjasama multilateral

Pantai Gading adalah salah satu negara pengekspor biji coklat terbesar di dunia, sayangnya saat pandemi Covid-19, jumlah tenaga kerja anak di perkebunan coklat Pantai Gading semakin meningkat. Sebagai organisasi yang memiliki peran, partisipasi oleh UNICEF tentu dibutuhkan dan tentunya mereka menghadapi berbagai tantangan. Penelitian ini dilakukan untuk mencari tahu alasan meningkatnya pekerja anak di bawah umur diperkebunan coklat Pantai Gading saat pandemi, apa partisipasi yang sudah dilakukan UNICEF, dan tantangan yang mereka hadapi. Kerangka penelitian ini adalah teori Neoliberal Institusional dengan konsep Eksplorasi Anak, Ancaman Keamanan Manusia, dan Kerjasama Multilateral. Penelitian ini dilakukan dengan pendekatan kualitatif dan metode studi kasus. Data didapatkan dengan studi kepustakaan dan penelusuran daring. Data-data kemudian akan disusun dengan teknik naratif. Penelitian ini pertama akan membahas tentang tiga penyebab naiknya tingkat pekerja anak di bawah umur yaitu pendidikan, budaya dan pola pikir, dan kemiskinan. Kemudian penulis menyajikan partisipasi yang dilakukan oleh UNICEF dalam menghadapi penyebab-penyebab tersebut dengan berbagai program. Terakhir, tiga asumsi tantangan yang dihadapi oleh UNICEF dalam menghadapi permasalahan ini, yaitu situasi politik Pantai Gading, kurangnya pengawasan pekerja anak di bawah umur di Pantai Gading, kurangnya akses internet di Pantai Gading.

Refrensi: 6 buku + 14 Jurnal + 1 sumber daring pemerintah + 28 sumber daring lainnya

ABSTRACT

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UNICEF'S PARTICIPATION IN FACING THE INCREASE OF CHILD LABOR IN IVORY COAST COCOA PLANTATIONS DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

(ix + 66 pages)

Key Words: UNICEF, Côte d'Ivoire, Child Labour, Multilateral Cooperation

Ivory Coast is one of the largest cocoa bean exporting countries in the world, unfortunately during the Covid-19 pandemic, the number of underage children working on Ivory Coast cocoa plantations increased. As organizations that have a role, participation by UNICEF is certainly needed and of course they face various challenges. This research was conducted to find out the reasons behind the increase in child labor in the Ivory Coast cocoa plantation during the pandemic, what UNICEF have done, and the challenges it faces. The framework of this research is Institutional Neoliberal theory with the concept of Child Exploitation, Threat to Human Security, and Multilateral Cooperation. This research was conducted using qualitative approach and case study method. Data were obtained by library research and online searches. The data will then be arranged using narrative techniques. This research will first discuss the three causes of the increase in child labor rates, namely education, culture and mindset, and poverty. Then the authors present the participation carried out by UNICEF and the in dealing with those said causes with various programs. Finally, three possible challenges faced by UNICEF and in dealing with the problem of underage child labor in Ivory Coast cocoa plantations during the Covid-19 pandemic, which are Ivory Coast's politic situation, lack of supervision of child labor, and lack of internet access.

References: 6 books + 13 journals + 1 government online source + 28 other online sources