

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Achmad I. N. dan Witiastuti R. S. (2018). *Underpricing Institutional Ownership and Liquidity Stock of IPO Company in Indonesia*. *Management Analysis Journal*, 7(3), 280- 291. ISSN 2252-6552
- Allen (2001); Thomas & Ganster (1995); Thomposon & Prottas (2005) dalam Wang P., et al (2013). *Unraveling the Relationship Between Family-Supportive Supervisor and Employee Performance*. *Group & Organization Management*, 38(2), 258- 287. DOI: 10.1177/1059601112472726
- Anas A. dan Damayanti M. G. A. (2020). *Gender Gap pada Tingkat Partisipasi Kerja di Provinsi DKI Jakarta*. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Pembangunan Indonesia*, 20(1), 56- 78. e-ISSN 2406-9280
- Annik dan den Dulk, 2012 dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. *Journal of Managerial Psychology*, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>
- Appelbaum et al (2000); Macky& Boxall (2007) dalam Ogbonnaya C.& Messersmith J. (2018). *Employee Performance, Well Being and Differential Effects of Human Resource Management Subdimensions: Mutual Gains or Conflicting Outcomes?*. *Human Resources Management Journal*, 2018; 1-18. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1748-8583.12203>
- Aryee et al (2005) dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. *Journal of*

Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>

Badri S. K. Z. dan Panatik S. A., 2020. *The Roles of Job Autonomy and Self-Efficacy To Improve Academics' Work-life balance*. Asian Academy of Management Journal, 25(2), 85- 108. <https://doi.org/10.21315/aamj2020.25.2.4>

Bala, Jyoti (2016) dalam Gogogi P. (2020). *Application of SPSS Programme in the field of Social Science Research*. International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering, 8(1), 2424- 2427. DOI:10.35940/ijrte.D9260.018520

Baral dan Bhargava (2010) dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. Journal of Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>

Bauer T. dan Erdogan B. (2010). *An Introduction to Organizational Behavior V.1.1. Creative Commons*. 2010. P. 158, 160- 165, 249

Beaven K. (2019). *Strategic Human Resoucre Management*. Great Britian: KoganPage, 2019. P. 67

Boyar, et al (2008) dalam Haar J. M., et al (2018). *A Cross- National Study on the Antecedents of Work-life balance From the Fit and Balance Perspective*. Social Indicators Research, 2018. [http://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-018-1875-](http://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-018-1875-6)

[6](#)

- Breaugh J. A. (1985). *The Measurement of Work Autonomy*, 38(6), 551- 570. DOI: 10.1177/001872678503800604
- Burchell M. dan Robin J. (2011). *The Great Workplace: How To Build It, How To Keep It, and Why It Matters*. Jossey- Bass: A Wiley Imprint. P. 128- 142
- Bureau Y. (2012). *Inferential Statistics for Radiation Scientist: A Brief Guide to Better Statistical Interpretations*. Journal of Medical Imaging and Radiation Sciences, 43(2012), 121- 131. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jmir.2012.03.002>
- Carlson D. S. et al (2000) dalam Agha K., et al, 2017. *Work-life balance and Job Satisfaction: An Empirical Study Focusing on higher Education Teachers in Oman*. International Journal of Social Science and Humanity, 7(3). DOI: 10.18178/ijssh.2017.V7.813
- Clark (2000) dalam Helmle J.R., et al (2014). *Factors that Influence Perceptions of Work-life balance in Owners of Copreneurial Firms*. Journal of Family Business Management, 4(2), 110- 132. DOI: 10.1108/JFBM-06-2014-0013
- Combs, Liu, Hall& Kethcen (2006); Jiang& Messersmith (2018); Subramony (2009) dalam Garmendia A. et al (2020). *High Involvement HRM, Job Satisfaction and Productivity: A Two Wave Longitudinal Study of a Spanish Retail Company*. Human Resources Management Journal, 2020; 1- 17. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1748-8583.12307>
- Dessler G. (2011). *Human Resource Management*. England: Pearson Education, 2011. P. 334- 335

- Dessler G. (2016). *Fundamentals of Human Resource Management*. England: Pearson Education Limited, 2016, p. 34, 47, 96- 98
- Dick V. et al (2004) dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. Journal of Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>
- Ferdinand (2014) dalam Nanincova N. (2019). *Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan Terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Noach Cafe and Bistro*. AGORA, Jurnal Mahasiswa Manajemen Bisnis, 7(2).
- Fernandez dan Randall (1991) dalam Croasmun J.T dan Ostrom L. (2011). *Using Likert- Type Scales in the Social Sciences*. Journal of Adult Education, 40(1), 19- 22.
- Fiernaningsih N., et al (2019). *Do Work Life Balance, Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction Affect the Intention to Leave?* International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering, 8(3), 1217- 1223. DOI: 10.35940/ijrte.C6254.098319
- Fiernaningsih N., et al (2019). *The Influence of Work Life Balance and Organizational Pride on Job Satisfaction and Its Impact on Organizational citizenship Behavior in Five and Four Star Hotels Employee*. Russian Journal of Agricultural and Socio- Economic Sciences 91(7), 191- 196. DOI 10.18551/rjoas.2019-07.20

Fiernaningsih N., et al (2019). *The Role of Supervisory Support and Life Balance Work in Increasing Organizational Citizenship Behavior: Study at Hotel Employees in Malang*. Journal of Public Administration Studies, 4(2), 76-84.

Fisher et al (2003) dalam Silaban H. dan Margaretha M., 2021. *The Impact Work-life balance Toward Job Satisfaction and employee Retention: Study of Millennial Employees in Bandung City, Indonesia*. International Journal of Innovation and Economic Development, 7(3), 18- 26.  
<https://doi.org/10.18775/ijied.1849-7551-7020.2015.73.2002>

Forsyth S. dan Polzer- Debruyne A. (2007) dalam Agha K., et al, 2017. *Work-life balance and Job Satisfaction: An Empirical Study Focusing on higher Education Teachers in Oman*. International Journal of Social Science and Humanity, 7(3). DOI: 10.18178/ijssh.2017.V7.813

French R. et al (2015). *Organizational Behaviour*. Wiley: 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2015. P. 5, 31

Fuadiputra I.R dan Novianti K.R. (2020). *The Effect of Work Autonomy and Workload on Job Satisfaction of Female Workers in the Banking Sector: Mediating the Role of Work Life Balance*. The Winners, 21(2), 85- 91. DOI: 10.21512/tw.v21i2.6908

Ghauri& Gronhaug (2005) dalam Taherdoost H. (2016). *Validity and Reliability of the Research Instrument; How to Test the Validation of a Questionnaire/ Survey in a Research*. International Journal of Academic: Research in Management, 5(3), 28- 36. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.3205040>

- Ghozali (2011) dalam Ayuwardani, R.A. dan Isroah (2018). *Pengaruh Informasi Keuangan dan Non Keuangan Terhadap underpricing Harga Saham pada Perusahaan yang Melakukan Intial Public Offering (Studi Empiris Perusahaan Go Public yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia Tahun 2011- 2015)*. Jurnal Nominal, 7(1), 143- 158. <https://doi.org/10.21831/nominal.v7i1.19781>
- Ghozali (2018) dalam Nanincova N. (2019). *Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan Terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Noach Cafe and Bistro*. AGORA, Jurnal Mahasiswa Manajemen Bisnis, 7(2).
- Greenhaus dan Allen (2010) dalam Helmle J.R., et al (2014). *Factors that Influence Perceptions of Work-life balance in Owners of Copreneurial Firms*. Journal of Family Business Management, 4(2), 110- 132. DOI 10.1108/JFBM-06-2014-0013
- Griffin et al (2001); Dixon& Sagas (2017); Md- Sidin et al (2010) dalam Mas-Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. Journal of Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>
- Guest (2017); Takeuchi, Chen& Lepak (2009) dalam Ogbonnaya C.& Messersmith J. (2018). *Employee Performance, Well Being and Differential Effects of Human Resource Management Subdimensions: Mutual Gains or Conflicting Outcomes?* Human Resources Management Journal, 2018; 1- 18. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1748-8583.12203>



- Haar et al (2019) dalam Badri S. K. Z. dan Panatik S. A. (2020). *The Roles of Job Autonomy and Self- Efficacy To Improve Academics' Work-life balance*. Asian Academy of Management Journal, 25(2), 85- 108.  
<https://doi.org/10.21315/aamj2020.25.2.4>
- Haar J. M., et al (2018). *A Cross- National Study on the Antecedents of Work-life balance From the Fit and Balance Perspective*. Social Indicators Research, 2018. <http://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-018-1875-6>
- Helm S. (2012). *A Matter of Reputation and Pride: Associations between Perceived External Reputation, Pride in Membership, Job Satisfaction and Turnover Intentions*. British Journal of Management, 24(4), 542- 556.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-8551.2012.00827.x>
- Huck (2007) dalam Taherdoost H. (2016). *Validity and Reliability of the Research Instrument; How to Test the Validation of a Questionnaire/ Survey in a Research*. International Journal of Academic: Research in Management, 5(3), 28- 36. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.3205040>
- Janie D.N.A. (2012). *Statistik Deskriptif& Regresi Linier Berganda dengan SPSS*. Semarang: Semarang University Press, ISBN: 978-602-9019-98-8. Hal. 13, 19, 23, 24, 26, 30, 35, 38.
- Jeffrey A. M. (2011). *Strategic Management of Human Resource*. South- Western: Cengage Learning, 2011. P. 160, 243
- Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Pelindungan Anak (PPPA) (2016). *Statistik Gender Tematik: Potret Ketimpangan Gender Dalam Ekonomi*.

*Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Pelindungan Anak. P. 5.*

Diakses pada 9 November 2021.

<https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/lib/uploads/list/53185-statistik-gender-tematik-2016-ketimpangan-ekonomi.pdf>

Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Pelindungan Anak (PPPA) (2018).

*Statistik gender Tematik: Profil Generasi Milenial Indonesia. Kementerian*

*Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Pelindungan Anak. Hal. 77. Diakses pada 9*

November 2021. [https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/lib/uploads/list/9acde-](https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/lib/uploads/list/9acde-buku-profil-generasi-milenia.pdf)

[buku-profil-generasi-milenia.pdf](https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/lib/uploads/list/9acde-buku-profil-generasi-milenia.pdf)

Kementerian Perindustrian Republik Indonesia (2019). *Industri Komponen Topang*

*Daya Saing Sektor Otomotif Nasional.*

[https://kemenperin.go.id/artikel/20956/Industri-Komponen-Topang-Daya-](https://kemenperin.go.id/artikel/20956/Industri-Komponen-Topang-Daya-Saing-Sektor-Otomotif-Nasional)

[Saing-Sektor-Otomotif-Nasional](https://kemenperin.go.id/artikel/20956/Industri-Komponen-Topang-Daya-Saing-Sektor-Otomotif-Nasional) Diakses pada 22 September 2021

Kementerian Perindustrian Republik Indonesia (2021). *Menperin: Industri Otomotif*

*Jadi Sektor Andalan Ekonomi Nasional.*

[https://www.kemenperin.go.id/artikel/22297/Menperin:-Industri-Otomotif-](https://www.kemenperin.go.id/artikel/22297/Menperin:-Industri-Otomotif-Jadi-Sektor-Andalan-Ekonomi-Nasional)

[Jadi-Sektor-Andalan-Ekonomi-Nasional](https://www.kemenperin.go.id/artikel/22297/Menperin:-Industri-Otomotif-Jadi-Sektor-Andalan-Ekonomi-Nasional) Diakses pada 22 September 2021

Khoerunnisa et al (2019) dalam Silaban H. dan Margaretha M., 2021. *The Impact*

*Work-life balance Toward Job Satisfaction and employee Retention: Study*

*of Millennial Employees in Bandung City, Indonesia. International Journal*

*of Innovation and Economic Development, 7(3), 18- 26.*

<https://doi.org/10.18775/ijied.1849-7551-7020.2015.73.2002>



Kompas (2021). *Terus Didorong, Industri Otomotif Jadi Sektor Nasional*.

<https://otomotif.kompas.com/read/2021/02/22/070200415/terus-didorong-industri-otomotif-jadi-sektor-andalan-ekonomi-nasional?page=all> Diakses pada 1 Oktober 2021

KompasPedia (2021). *Sejarah, Kebijakan, dan Peta Jalan Industri Otomotif*

*Indonesia*. <https://kompaspedia.kompas.id/baca/paparan-topik/sejarah-kebijakan-dan-peta-jalan-industri-otomotif-indonesia> Diakses pada 1 Oktober 2021

Kontan (2019). *Industri Komponen Topang Daya Saing Sektor Otomotif Nasional*.

<https://pressrelease.kontan.co.id/release/industri-komponen-topang-daya-saing-sektor-otomotif-nasional?page=all> diakses pada 2 Oktober 2021

Kraemer dan Gouthier (2014) dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life*

*balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. *Journal of Managerial Psychology*, 31(2), 586- 602.  
<https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>

Kraemer T., et al (2020). *Toward a Theory of Spirals: The Dynamic Relationship*

*Between Organizational Pride and Customer- Oriented Behavior*. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 48: 1095- 1115.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11747-019-00715-0>

Lapierre dan Allen (2006) dalam Talukder A. K. M., et al (2018). *Supervisor*

*Support and Work-life balance: Impacts on Job Performance in the*

*Australian Financial Sector*. *Personnel Review*, 47(3), 727- 744.  
<https://doi.org/10.1108/PR-12-2016-0314>

Li dan Bagger (2011) dalam Wang P., et al (2013). *Unraveling the Relationship Between Family- Supportive Supervisor and Employee Performance*. *Group & Organization Management*, 38(2), 258- 287. DOI: 10.1177/1059601112472726

Locke (1976) dalam Bakotic D. & Babic T. (2013). *Relationship between Working Conditions and Job Satisfaction: The Case of Croatian Shipbuilding Company*. *International Journal of Business and Social Science*, 4(2), 206- 213.

Luthans F. (2011). *Organizational Behavior: An Evidence- Based Approach*, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition. McGraw- Hill/Irwin, 2011. P. 20

Machado C. (2017). *Competencies and (Global) Talent Management*. Springer International Publishing, 2017. P. 111

Manning & Munro (2006); Gregory (2000); Nunally (1978) dalam Budiastuti D. & Bandur A. (2018). *Validitas dan Reliabilitas Penelitian: Dilengkapi Analisis dengan NVIVO, SPSS, dan AMOS*. Jakarta: Mitra Wacana Media. ISBN: 978-602-318-. Hal.211

Mariappanadar (2013); Pfeffer (2010) dalam Au W.C dan Ahmed P.K. (2014). *Sustainable People Management through Work-life balance: A Study of the Malaysian Chinese Context*. *Asia- Pacific Journal of Business Administration*, 6(3), 262-280. DOI 10.1108/APJBA-02-2014-0024

- Marita W. M., 2015. *Pengaruh Struktur Organisasi dan Ukuran Perusahaan Terhadap Penerapan Business Entity Concept*. Jurnal Akuntansi, 7(1), 18-40. <http://dx.doi.org/10.26740/jaj.v7n1.p18-40>
- Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. Journal of Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>
- Moloeng (2010:132) dalam Pratiwi N. (2017). *Penggunaan Media Video Call dalam Teknologi Komunikasi*. Jurnal Ilmiah Dinamika Sosial, 1(2), 202-224. <https://doi.org/10.38043/jids.v1i2.219>
- Mondy R. W. (2012). *Human Resource Management*. England: Pearson Education Limited, 2012. P. 30, 31, 242, 308- 312
- Mosley D. C. dan Pietri P. H. (2011). *Supervisory Management: The Art of Inspiring, Empowering, and Developing People*. South- Western: Cengage Learning, 2011. P. 19- 21
- Mulyadi (2012). *Riset Desain Dalam Metodologi Penelitian*. Jurnal Studi Komunikasi dan Media, 16(1), 71-80. <http://dx.doi.org/10.31445/jskm.2012.160106>
- Murugan A. (2018). *Human Resource Management in 15 Lessons*. Anchor Academic Publishing, 2018. P. 9
- Mustofa I. dan Nurfadillah M. (2021). *Analisis Pengaruh Price Earning Ratio dan Earning Per Share Terhadap Return Saham Pada Sub Sektor Property and*

*Real Estate yang Terdaftar di BEI*. Borneo Student Research, 2(2), 1460-1468. eISSN: 2721-5725

Nadeeshani M. H. C. S. dan Nishanthi H. M. (2020). *Affective Commitment: The Role of Work-life balance and Organizational Pride (with special reference to XYZ Glove Manufacturing Company in Sri Lanka*. International Conference on Business and Information (ICBI), 326-348. ISSN 2465- 6399

Ntabeni- Bhebe F. (2019). *Global Human Resources Management*. Society Publishing, 2019. P. 231

Ogbonnaya C.& Messersmith J. (2018). *Employee Performance, Well Being and Differential Effects of Human Resource Management Subdimensions: Mutual Gains or Conflicting Outcomes?* Human Resources Management Journal, 2018; 1- 18. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1748-8583.12203>

Patterson et al (2005) dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. Journal of Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>

Patterson, et al (1997) dalam Turner P. dan Kalman D. (2014). *Make Your People Before You Make Your Products: Using Talent Management to Achieve Competitive Advantage in Global Organizations*. Wiley: United Kingdom, 2014. P. 245- 246

Pereira L., et al (2021). *How to Build Pride in the Workplace?* Social Sciences 10: 2014. <https://doi.org/10.3390/socsci10030104>

- Putti J. M. (2015). *Human Resource Management: A Dynamic Approach*. Trinity Press: Laxmi Publications, 2015. P. 9
- Ramsay, et al (2000) dalam S Ogbonnaya C. & Messersmith J. (2018). *Employee Performance, Well Being and Differential Effects of Human Resource Management Subdimensions: Mutual Gains or Conflicting Outcomes?* Human Resources Management Journal, 2018; 1- 18. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1748-8583.12203>
- Rao V. S. P. dan Sudeepta V. (2018). *Managing Organisational Behaviour*. Trinity Press: Laxmi Publications, 2018. P. 2, 3, 5
- Retnawati H. (2015). *Perbandingan Akurasi Penggunaan Skala Likert dan Pilihan Ganda untuk mengukur Self- Regulated Learning*. Jurnal Kependidikan 45(2), 156- 167. <https://doi.org/10.21831/jk.v45i2.7493>
- Robbins S. P. dan Judge T. A. (2013). *Organizational Behaviour 15<sup>th</sup> Edition*. Pearson Education Inc., 2013. P. 10
- Roscoe (1975) dalam Sekaran & Bougie (2016). *Research Methods for Business: A Skill Building Approach*. United Kingdom: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Hal. 264.
- Saina I. V., 2016. *Pengaruh Work Life Balance dan Kompensasi Terhadap Kinerja Karyawan pada PT PLN (Persero) Wilayah Suluttenggo Area Manado*. Jurnal Administrasi Bisnis, 4(3). <https://doi.org/10.35797/jab.4.3.2016.12892.%25p>

- Sekaran U.& Bougie (2016). *Research Methods for Business: A Skill Building Approach*. United Kingdom: John Wiley& Sons Ltd. Hal. 2, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 47, 71, 96, 102, 103, 142, 143, 146, 147, 159, 160, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 213, 218, 221, 222, 223, 224 235, 240, 248, 249, 261, 264, 271,279, 301, 313, 316, 332.
- Setyawan A., 2018. *Analisis Faktor- Faktor yang Mempengaruhi Kinerja Karyawan (Studi Kasus Pada Tiga Perusahaan Fabrikasi Lepas Pantai di Batam dan Karimun*. *Journal of Accounting& Management Innovation*, 2(1), 67- 89. Diakses pada 17 September 2021
- Sholikhah A. (2016). *Statistik Deskriptif dalam Penelitian Kualitatif*. KOMUNIKA, 10(2), 342- 362.  
<https://doi.org/10.24090/komunika.v10i2.953>
- Stone R. J. (2011). *Human Resource Management*. Wiley: 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011. P. 4, 34, 649
- Talukder A. K. M., et al (2018). *Supervisor Support and Work-life balance: Impacts on Job Performance in the Australian Financial Sector*. *Personnel Review*, 47(3), 727- 744. <https://doi.org/10.1108/PR-12-2016-0314>
- Tambunan (2013) dalam Winata S. V. (2016). *Perancangan Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) Pada Chocolab*. *PERFORMA: Jurnal Manajemen dan Start- Up Bisnis*, 1(1), 77-86.



- Thevanes N. dan Mangalesawaran T. (2018). *Relationship between Work-life balance and Job Performance of Employees*. IOSR Journal of Business and Management, 20(5), 11-16. <http://dx.doi.org/10.9790/487X-2005011116>
- Tracy dan Robin (2007) dalam Mas- Machuca M., et al (2016). *Work-life balance and its Relationship with Organizational Pride and Job Satisfaction*. Journal of Managerial Psychology, 31(2), 586- 602. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JMP-09-2014-0272>
- Ulrich D. O. (2015). *The Leadership Capital Index: Realizing the Market Value of Leadership*. Berrett- Koehler Publisher, Inc, 2015. P. 217
- Vera, et al (2016) dalam Haar J. M., et al (2018). *A Cross- National Study on the Antecedents of Work-life balance From the Fit and Balance Perspective*. Social Indicators Research, 2018. <http://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-018-1875-6>
- Widyananti R., et al (2020). *Organizational Justice and Organizational Pride to Achieve Job Satisfaction and Job Performance*. Journal of Sotuwest Jiaotong University, 55(3), 1- 13. DOI : 10.35741/issn.0258-2724.55.3.47
- Wong P. Y., et al (2017). *Workplace Factors and Work-life balance Among Employees in Selected Services Sector*. International Journal of Business and Society, 18(4), 677- 684.
- Wu L., et al (2013). *Relationship Between Work-life balance and Job- Related Factors Among Child Welfare Workers*. Children and Youth Services

Review,

2013,

1447-

1454.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.chidyouth.2013.05.017>

