

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Ahtiala, M., Laitio, R., & Soppi, E. (2018). Therapeutic hypothermia and pressure ulcer risk in critically ill intensive care patients: a retrospective study. *Intensive and Critical Care Nursing*, 46, 80-85.
- Alderden, Jenny, et al. (2017). Risk factors for pressure injuries among critical care patients: A systematic review. *International Journal of Nursing Studies*, 71, 97–114. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijnurstu.2017.03.012>
- Alimansur, M., & Santoso, P. (2021). Pendidikan Kesehatan, Mobilisasi dan Deteksi Dini Resiko Dekubitus dalam Pencegahan Kejadian Dekubitus pada Pasien Strok. *Jurnal Ilmiah Permas: Jurnal Ilmiah STIKES Kendal*, 11(1), 177-184.
- Almahmoud, O. (2018). Prevalence and Features of Pressure Ulcers among Patients in ICU Department of Governmental Hospital in Palestine: Cross Sectional. *International Journal of Nursing*, 5(2), 72-80.
- Amr, A. A., Yousef, A. M., Amirah, M. F., & Alkurdi, M. H. (2017). A pre-post study evaluating the effectiveness of a new initiative, the “PRESSURE bundle,” Compared with standard care in reducing the incidence and prevalence of sacral pressure ulcers in critically Ill patients in an intensive care unit in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. *Saudi Critical Care Journal*, 1(3), 75.
- Angriani, R., Yusuf, S., Erika, K. A., & Maryunis, M. (2020). Faktor-Faktor yang Berhubungan dengan Kejadian Luka Dekubitus Akibat Penggunaan Alat Medis di Ruang PICU. *Jurnal Kesehatan Manarang*, 6(2), 101-111.
- Astutik, A. M. (2016). *Tingkat Resiko Pressure Ulcer dan Faktor Resikonya di Rumah Sakit Daerah Tidar Magelang*.
- Black, J. M., & Hawks, J. H. (2014). Keperawatan Medikal Bedah; Manajemen klinis untuk hasil yang diharapkan.
- Chung, M. L., Widdel, M., Kirchhoff, J., Sellin, J., Jelali, M., Geiser, F., ... & Conrad, R. (2022). Risk Factors for Pressure Injuries in Adult Patients: A Narrative Synthesis. *International journal of environmental research and public health*, 19(2), 761.
- Coleman, S., Gorecki, C., Nelson, E. A., Closs, S. J., Defloor, T., Halfens, R., ... & Nixon, J. (2013). Patient risk factors for pressure ulcer development: systematic review. *International journal of nursing studies*, 50(7), 974-1003.

- Compton, F., Hoffmann, F., Hortig, T., Strauss, M., Frey, J., Zidek, W., & Schäfer, J. H. (2008). Pressure ulcer predictors in ICU patients: nursing skin assessment versus objective parameters. *Journal of wound care*, 17(10), 417-424.
- Cooper, K. L. (2013, December). Evidence-Based Prevention of Pressure Ulcers in the Intensive Care Unit. *Critical Care Nurse*, 33(6), 57-68. Diakses 2 Maret 2018, dari <http://ccn.aacnjournals.org/content/33/6/57.full.pdf+html>
- Cox, J., & Roche, S. (2015). Vasopressors and development of pressure ulcers in adult critical care patients. *American Journal of Critical Care*, 24(6), 501-510.
- Coyer, F., Gardner, A., Doubrovsky, A., Cole, R., Ryan, F. M., Allen, C., & McNamara, G. (2015). Reducing pressure injuries in critically ill patients by using a patient skin integrity care bundle (InSPiRE). *American Journal of Critical Care*, 24(3), 199-209.
- Darma, K. (2011). Metodologi Penelitian Keperawatan. Jakarta: TIM.
- Deng, X., Yu, T., & Hu, A. (2017). Predicting the risk for hospital-acquired pressure ulcers in critical care patients. *Critical care nurse*, 37(4), e1-e11.
- El-Marsi, J., Zein-El-Dine, Salah Zein, Bana Doumit, Rita Kurdahi Badr, & Lina. (2018). Predictors of Pressure Injuries in a Critical Care Unit in Lebanon: Prevalence, Characteristics, and Associated Factors. *Journal of Wound, Ostomy and Continence Nursing*, 45(2), 131–136. <https://doi.org/10.1097/WON>.
- European Pressure Ulcer Advisory Panel, National Pressure Injury Advisory Panel and Pan Pacific Pressure Injury Alliance. (2019). *Prevention and treatment of pressure ulcers/injuries: Clinical practice guideline*. EPUAP/NPIAP/PPPIA
- Fatonah, S., Hrp, A. K., & Dewi, R. (2016). Efektifitas Penggunaan Virgin Coconut Oil (Vco) Secara Topikal Untuk Mengatasi Luka Tekan (Dekubitus) Grade I Dan II. *Jurnal kesehatan*, 4(1).
- Giselle Proetta Neiva, Carnevalli, 1Julia Romualdo, Cataldi, R. L., Furtado, D. M., Fabri, R. L., & Silva, P. S. (2014). Hematological change parameters in patients with pressure ulcer at longterm care hospital
- Gustiany, E. (2017). *Faktor-faktor yang Mempengaruhi Kejadian Dekubitus pada Pasien di Ruang PICU dan PACU RSUPN Cipto Mangunkusumo* (Doctoral dissertation, Sekolah Tinggi Ilmu Kesehatan Binawan).

Handayani, R. S., Irawaty, D., & Panjaitan, R. U. (2012). Pencegahan luka tekan melalui pijat menggunakan virgin coconut oil. *Jurnal Keperawatan Indonesia*, 14(3), 141-148.

HIPERCI. (2019). *KEPERAWATAN INTENSIF KOMPERHENSIF*. Ed. Pertama. Jakarta Timur

Hommel, A., & Santy-Tomlinson, J. (2018). Pressure injury prevention and wound management. *Fragility Fracture Nursing*, 85-94. [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-76681-2\\_7](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-76681-2_7)

Janitra, F. E., & Wibawa, Y. A. (2019). Suhu dan Kelembaban Kulit pada Kejadian Luka Tekan. *JIKP Jurnal Ilmiah Kesehatan PENCERAH*, 8(02), 75-80.

Kale, E. D., Nurachmah, E., & Pujasari, H. (2014). Penggunaan Skala Braden Terbukti Efektif dalam Memprediksi Kejadian Luka Tekan. *Jurnal Keperawatan Indonesia*, 17(3), 95-100.

Keperawatan, P., Jen Yani Yogyakarta, S. A., & Brawijaya Ambarketawang Gamping Sleman Abstrak, J. (2018). KEJADIAN PRESSURE ULCER (LUKA TEKAN) DI ICU RUMAH SAKIT DI KABUPATEN SLEMAN TAHUN 2014-2016 Muhamat Nofiyanto \*) & Muhamad Rusman Agus Limpong. *Jurnal Keperawatan Respati Yogyakarta*, 5(2), 388–394. <http://nursingjurnal.respati.ac.id/index.php/JKRY/index>

Kozier, B., Erb, G., Berman, A., & Snyder, S. 2011. Buku ajar keperawatan : konsep, proses dan praktik alih bahasa Pamilih Eko Karyuni. Jakarta: EGC

Liao, X., Ju, Y., Liu, G., Zhao, X., Wang, Y., & Wang, Y. (2019). Risk Factors for Pressure Sores in Hospitalized Acute Ischemic Stroke Patients. *Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases*, 28(7), 2026.2030. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jstrokecerebrovasdis.2019.02.033>

Lapau, Prof.Dr.Buchari,dr.MPH. (2012). Metode Penelitian Kesehatan Metode Ilmiah Penulisan Skripsi, Tesis, dan disertai Pedoman bagi Mahasiswa S-1, S-2 dan S-3. Jakarta: Yayasan Pustaka Obor Indonesia

Magdalena, Y., & Astrid, M. (2019). Perbedaan Skor Skala Braden Sebelum dan Sesudah Penggunaan Hydrocolloid Dressing dan Transparent Film Dressing Pada Pasien di Rumah Sakit X Jakarta. *Carolus Journal of Nursing*, 2(1), 37-51.

Miller, M. W., Emeny, R. T., Snide, J. A., & Freed, G. L. (2020). Patient-specific factors associated with pressure injuries revealed by electronic health record analyses. *Health informatics journal*, 26(1), 474-485.

Mirwanti, R., Agustina, H. R., & Nuraeni, A. (2017). Hambatan Yang Dirasakan

Oleh Perawat Dalam Melaksanakan Pencegahan Luka Tekan Di Ruang Perawatan Intensif. *Medisains*, XV(1), 1–9.

Morton, P.G dan Fontaine, D.K. (2014). *Critical Care Nursing: a Holistic Approach 10th edition*. Philadelphia: Wolters Kluwer & Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

National Pressure Ulcer Advisory Panel (NPUAP). (2012). NPUAP Pressure Ulcer Stages / Categories. Melalui <http://www.npuap.org/resources/educational-and-clinical-resources/npuappressure-ulcer-stagescategories/>

Ningtyas, N. W. R., Pujiastuti, R. S. E., & Indriyawati, N. (2017). Effectiveness of progressive mobilization level I and II on hemodynamic status and decubitus ulcer risk in critically ill patients. *Belitung Nursing Journal*, 3(6), 662-669.

Nisak, K., Kristinawati, B., & Widayati, N. (2019). Aplikasi Massage Olive Oil untuk Mencegah Dekubitus pada Pasien Kritis di Ruang Intensive Care Unit Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat dr. Soeradji Tirtonegoro Klaten. *Proceeding of The URECOL*, 490-495.

NPUAP. (2016). Pressure Injury Prevention Points. NPUAP National Pressure Ulcer Advisory, 2. Retrieved from <http://www.npuap.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/Pressure-Injury-Prevention-Points-2016.pdf>Jurnal Ilmu Kesehatan Vol. 8 No.1, Nopember 2019

NPUAP, EPUAP, & PPIA. (2014). Prevention and Treatment of Pressure Ulcers : Quick Reference Guide. (E. Haesler, Ed.). Western Australia: Cambridge Medi: NPUAP.

Nurses, C., & Cox, J. (2020). *Pressure Injuries in Critical Care : A Survey of Critical*. 37(5), 46–57.

Okatiranti,Sitorus, R.E., dan Tsuawabeh, D. (2013). The Risk of Decubitus Incidence Based on Patients' Dependency Level in Neurological Ward.Jurnal Keperawatan Padjadjaran 1 (3). Diakses dari jkp.fkep.unpad.ac.id

Oktorina, Vica Sari. (2017). *Pengaruh reposisi tubuh terhadap status hemodinamik pada pasien dengan terapi agen vasopressor di Ruang ICU Rumah Sakit Advent, Bandung*.

Park, S. K., & Park, H. (2017). Factors affecting the time to occurrence of hospital-acquired pressure ulcers using EHR data. In *MEDINFO 2017: Precision Healthcare through Informatics* (pp. 1113-1117). IOS Press.

Rahman, M. suleman A., Alriwani, R. F. A. R., Assaf, R. M. Al, & Saleh, M. Y. N. (2014). Exploring Nurses ' Knowledge and Perceived Barriers to Carry Out Pressure Ulcer Prevention and Treatment , Documentation , and Risk

Assessment Royal Medical Services The University of Jordan. American International Journal of Contemporary Research, 4(4), 112–119.  
[http://www.aijcrnet.com/journals/Vol\\_4\\_No\\_4\\_April\\_2014/15.pdf](http://www.aijcrnet.com/journals/Vol_4_No_4_April_2014/15.pdf)

Richardson, A., Peart, J., Wright, S. E., & McCullagh, I. J. (2017). Reducing the incidence of pressure ulcers in critical care units: A 4-year quality improvement. International Journal for Quality in Health Care, 29(3), 433–439.  
<https://doi.org/10.1093/intqhc/mzx040>

Riyadi, M. E., Hanafi, A. I., & Arningsih, N. K. (2018). Kemampuan mobilitas dan derajat luka tekan pasien rawat inap. *Populasi*.

Safitri, A., Daro, Y. A., & Sulahyunningsih, E. (2019). Efektivitas Minyak Sumbawa dan Virgin Coconut Oil dalam Pencegahan Luka Tekan pada Pasien Kritis di ICU RSUD Sumbawa. Prosiding Seminar Nasional Kesehatan Masyarakat Universitas Muhammadiyah Surakarta 2019.

Said, S., Haskas, Y., & Smana, A. (2013). Faktor yang Mempengaruhi terjadinya Dekubitus pada pasien yang dirawat diruang ICY Rs Labueng Baji Makassar.

Sari, E. D. (2018). Pengaruh Pemberian Virgin Coconut Oil (VCO) Pada Area Tertekan Untuk Mencegah Luka Tekan Pada Pasien Tirah Baring. *Jurnal ProNers*, 3(1).

Sauliyusta, M., & Rekawati, E. (2016). Mobilisasi Dan Timbulnya Luka Tekan Pada Pasien Tirah Baring. *Jurnal Keperawatan Indonesia*, 19(2), 71–77.  
<https://doi.org/10.1410/4490>

Setiani, D. (2017). Efektivitas massage dengan virgin coconut oil terhadap pencegahan luka tekan di intensive care unit. *Husada Mahakam: Jurnal Kesehatan*, 3(8), 395–406.

Shahin ES, Dassen T, Halfens RJ. Incidence, prevention and treatment of pressure ulcers in intensive care patients: a longitudinal study [published correction appears in Int J Nurs Stud. 2014;51(3):522]. Int J Nurs Stud. 2009;46(4):413–421.

S. Qaddumi, J., & Almahmoud, O. (2018). Prevalence and Features of Pressure Ulcers among Patients in ICU Department of Governmental Hospital in Palestine: Cross Sectional. *International Journal of Nursing*, 5(2).  
<https://doi.org/10.15640/ijn.v5n2a6>

Soedjana, Hardisiswo.2016.Penatalaksanaan Ulkus Tekanan.Jakarta : CV.ADIA

Suela, M., Macena, D. A., Suely, R., Isabel, M. Conceicao, D., Beatriz, A....Lira, B.D.C. (2017). Pressure Ulcer Risk Evaluation in Critical Patients: Clinical

dan Social Characteristics, 91-97,  
<https://doi.org/102174/1874434601711010091>

Sugiyono. (2018). *Metode penelitian kuantitatif*. Bandung: Alfabeta

Suleman, M., Rahman, A., Kharabsheh, A., & Rn, M. Y. N. S. (2014). Exploring Nurses' Knowledge and Perceived Barriers to Carry Out Pressure Ulcer Prevention and Treatment, Documentation, and Risk Assessment Royal Medical Services The University of Jordan. *American International Journal of Contemporary Research*, 4(4), 112-119.

Sumah, D. F. (2020). Keberhasilan Penggunaan Virgin Coconut Oil secara Topikal untuk Pencegahan Luka Tekan (Dekubitus) Pasien Stroke di Rumah Sakit Sumber Hidup Ambon. *Jurnal Kedokteran Dan Kesehatan*, 16(2), 93-102.

Syapitri, H., Siregar, L. M., & Ginting, D. (2017). Metode Pencegahan Luka Decubitus Pada Pasien Bedrest Total Melalui Perawatan Kulit. *Idea Nursing Journal*, 8(2), 15-22.

Tayyib, N., Coyer, F., & Lewis, P. (2013). Pressure ulcers in the adult intensive care unit: a literature review of patient risk factors and risk assessment scales. *Journal of Nursing Education and Practice*, 3(11), 28–42.  
<https://doi.org/10.5430/jnep.v3n11p28>

Thorpe, E. (2015). Pressure ulcer prevention in intensive care. *Wounds UK*, 11(2), 112–115.  
<https://doi.org/10.7748/nop.2017.e90>

Trisnaningtyas, W., Retnaningsih, R., & Rochana, N. (2021). GAMBARAN RESIKO LUCA TEKAN (PRESSURE INJURY) PADA PASIEN KRITIS. *The Shine Cahaya Dunia Ners*, 6(1), 19-29.

Trizolla, S., Mulyana, R., & Nurhayati, N. (2020). Profil Pasien Geriatri dengan Ulkus Dekubitus di RSUP Dr. M. Djamil. *Jurnal Ilmu Kesehatan Indonesia*, 1(2).

Widodo, W., Rosa, E. M., & Kurniasari, N. (2017). Pengaruh Tindakan Keperawatan Reduksi Luka Tekan Terhadap Penurunan Risiko Luka Tekan. *Jurnal Ilmiah Kesehatan Keperawatan*, 13(2).

Yuliati, Y., & Munte, I. V. (2022). Pengaruh Pemakaian Transparent Dressing Terhadap Luka Tekan Pasien Acute Decompensated Heart Failure. *Jurnal Keperawatan Dirgahayu (JKD)*, 4(1), 45-53